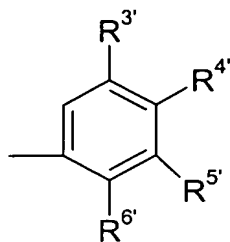


wherein A is



R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> are each, independently, H, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>,

C<sub>1-10</sub>-alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkyl,

C<sub>1-10</sub>-alkoxy, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkoxy,

C<sub>1-10</sub>-alkanoyl, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkanoyl,

C<sub>6-12</sub> aryl, optionally substituted by C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1-10</sub> alkoxy, or

C<sub>5-12</sub> hetaryl, optionally substituted by C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1-10</sub> alkoxy,

and either

one of R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> is -M-L<sup>1</sup>; or

two adjacent of R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> together are an aryl or hetaryl ring with 5-12 atoms, optionally substituted by C<sub>1-10</sub>-alkyl, halo-substituted C<sub>1-10</sub>-alkyl up to perhaloalkyl, C<sub>1-10</sub>-alkoxy, halo-substituted C<sub>1-10</sub>-alkoxy up to perhaloalkoxy, C<sub>3-10</sub>-cycloalkyl, C<sub>2-10</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>1-10</sub>-alkanoyl, C<sub>6-12</sub>-aryl, C<sub>5-12</sub>-hetaryl; C<sub>6-12</sub>-aralkyl, C<sub>6-12</sub>-alkaryl, halogen; NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>1</sup>; -NO<sub>2</sub>; -CF<sub>3</sub>; -COOR<sup>1</sup>; -NHCOR<sup>1</sup>; -CN; -CONR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>1</sup>; -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>2</sup>; -SOR<sup>2</sup>; -SR<sup>2</sup>;

in which

R<sup>1</sup> is H or C<sub>1-10</sub>-alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkyl and R<sup>2</sup> is C<sub>1-10</sub>-alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen, up to perhaloalkyl,

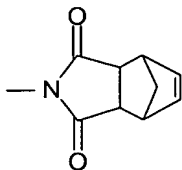
$R^{3'}$ ,  $R^{4'}$ ,  $R^{5'}$  and  $R^{6'}$  are independently H, halogen,

$C_1 - C_{10}$  alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkyl,

$C_1 - C_{10}$  alkoxy optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkoxy or two adjacent of  $R^{3'}$ ,  $R^{4'}$ ,  $R^{5'}$  and  $R^{6'}$ , together with the base phenyl, form a naphthyl group, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhalo,  $C_{1-10}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-10}$  alkoxy,  $C_{3-10}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_{2-10}$  alkenyl,  $C_{1-10}$  alkanoyl,  $C_{6-12}$  aryl,  $C_{5-12}$  hetaryl or  $C_{6-12}$  aralkyl;

M is  $-CH_2-$ ,  $-S-$ ,  $-N(CH_3)-$ ,  $-NHC(O)-$ ,  $-CH_2-S-$ ,  $-S-CH_2-$ ,  $-C(O)-$ , or  $-O-$ ; and

$L^1$  is phenyl, optionally substituted by  $C_{1-10}$ -alkyl,  $C_{1-10}$ -alkoxy, halogen, OH,  $-SCH_3$ ,  $NO_2$  or,



pyridyl, optionally substituted by  $C_{1-10}$ -alkyl,  $C_{1-10}$ -alkoxy, halogen, OH,  $-SCH_3$ , or  $NO_2$ ,

naphthyl, optionally substituted by  $C_{1-10}$ -alkyl,  $C_{1-10}$ -alkoxy, halogen, OH,  $-SCH_3$  or  $NO_2$ ,

pyridone, optionally substituted by  $C_{1-10}$ -alkyl,  $C_{1-10}$ -alkoxy, halogen, OH,  $-SCH_3$  or  $NO_2$ ,

pyrazine, optionally substituted by  $C_{1-10}$ -alkyl,  $C_{1-10}$ -alkoxy, halogen, OH,  $-SCH_3$  or  $NO_2$ ,

pyrimidine, optionally substituted by  $C_{1-10}$ -alkyl,  $C_{1-10}$ -alkoxy, halogen, OH,  $-SCH_3$  or  $NO_2$ ,

benzodioxane, optionally substituted by  $C_{1-10}$ -alkyl,  $C_{1-10}$ -alkoxy, halogen, OH,  $-SCH_3$  or  $NO_2$ ,

benzopyridine, optionally substituted by  $C_{1-10}$ -alkyl, one  $C_{1-10}$ -alkoxy, halogen, OH,  $-SCH_3$  or  $NO_2$ ,

or

benzothiazole, optionally substituted by,  $C_{1-10}$  alkyl  $C_{1-10}$  alkoxy, halogen, OH,  $-SCH_3$  or  $NO_2$

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or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

3. (Amended) A compound according to claim 1, wherein

$R^3$  is H, halogen or  $C_{1-10}$ -alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen, up to perhaloalkyl;

$R^4$  is H, halogen or  $NO_2$ ;

$R^5$  is H, halogen or  $C_{1-10}$ -alkyl;

$R^6$  is H,  $C_{1-10}$ -alkoxy, thiophene, pyrrole or methyl substituted pyrrole,

$R^{3'}$  is H, halogen,  $C_{4-10}$ -alkyl, or  $CF_3$  and

$R^{6'}$  is H, halogen,  $CH_3$ ,  $CF_3$  or  $-OCH_3$ .

4. (Amended) A compound according to claim 1, wherein

$R^{3'}$  is  $C_{4-10}$ -alkyl, Cl, F or  $CF_3$ ;

$R^{4'}$  is H, Cl or F ;

$R^{5'}$  is H, Cl, F or  $C_{4-10}$ -alkyl; and

$R^{6'}$  is H or  $OCH_3$ .

5. (Amended) A compound according to claim 4, wherein  $R^{3'}$  or  $R^{5'}$  is t-butyl.

6. (Amended) A compound according to claim 1, wherein M is  $-CH_2-$ ,  $-N(CH_3)-$  or  $-NHC(O)-$ .

7. (Amended) A compound according to claim 6, wherein  $L^1$  is phenyl or pyridyl.

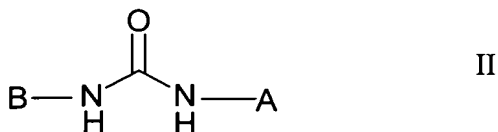
8. (Amended) A compound according to claim 1, wherein M is  $-O-$ .

9. (Amended) A compound according to claim 8, wherein  $L^1$  is phenyl, pyridyl, pyridone or benzothiazole.

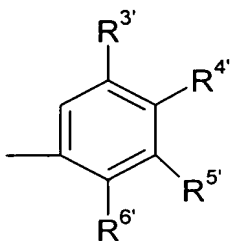
10. (Amended) A compound according to claim 1, wherein M is -S-.

11. (Amended) A compound according to claim 10, wherein  $L^1$  is phenyl or pyridyl.

15. (Amended) A method for the treatment of a cancerous cell growth mediated by raf kinase, comprising administering a compound of formula II:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof wherein A is



B is a substituted or unsubstituted, up to bicyclic aryl or heteroaryl moiety of up to 12 carbon atoms with at least one 6-member aromatic structure containing 0-4 members of the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur, wherein if B is substituted it is substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, up to per-halo, and  $W_n$ , wherein n is 0-3 and each W is independently selected from the group consisting of -CN, - $\text{CO}_2R^7$ , - $\text{C(O)NR}^7R^7$ , - $\text{C(O)-R}^7$ , - $\text{NO}_2$ , - $\text{OR}^7$ , - $\text{SR}^7$ , - $\text{NR}^7R^7$ , - $\text{NR}^7\text{C(O)OR}^7$ , - $\text{NR}^7\text{C(O)R}^7$ ,  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$  alkyl,  $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_{10}$  alkenyl,  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$  alkenoyl,  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$  alkoxy,  $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $\text{C}_6\text{-C}_{14}$  aryl, optionally substituted with halogen,  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$  alkyl, or  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$  alkoxy;  $\text{C}_7\text{-C}_{24}$  alkaryl, optionally substituted with halogen,  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$  alkyl, or  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$  alkoxy;  $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_{13}$  heteroaryl, optionally substituted with halogen,  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$  alkyl, or  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$  alkoxy;  $\text{C}_4\text{-C}_{23}$  alkheteroaryl, optionally substituted with halogen,  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$  alkyl, or  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$  alkoxy;

C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxy; substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, substituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, substituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenoyl, substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxy, substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl, substituted C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>23</sub> alkheteroaryl and -M-L<sup>1</sup>;

wherein if W is a substituted group which does not contain aryl or hetaryl moieties, it is substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of -CN, -CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>7</sup>, -C(O)R<sup>7</sup>, -C(O)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>7</sup>, -OR<sup>7</sup>, -SR<sup>7</sup>, -NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>7</sup>, NO<sub>2</sub>, -NR<sup>7</sup>C(O)R<sup>7</sup>, -NR<sup>7</sup>C(O)OR<sup>7</sup> and halogen up to per-halo;

wherein each R<sup>7</sup> is independently selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>13</sub> hetaryl, C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>24</sub> alkaryl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>23</sub> alkheteroaryl, up to per-halosubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, up to per-halo substituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, up to per-halosubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl, up to per-halosubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl and up to per-halosubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>13</sub> hetaryl,

wherein Q M is -O-, -S-, -N(R<sup>7</sup>)-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-, -C(O)-, -CH(OH)-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>O-, -NR<sup>7</sup>C(O)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>7</sup>-, -NR<sup>7</sup>C(O)-, -C(O)NR<sup>7</sup>-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>S-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>N(R<sup>7</sup>)-, -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-, -CHX<sup>a</sup>, -CX<sup>a</sup><sub>2</sub>-, -S-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>- and -N(R<sup>7</sup>)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-,

m = 1-3, and X<sup>a</sup> is halogen; and

L<sup>1</sup> is a 5-10 member aromatic structure containing 0-2 members of the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur, which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen up to per-halo and optionally substituted by Z<sub>n1</sub>, wherein n<sub>1</sub> is 0 to 3 and each Z is independently selected from the group consisting of -CN, -CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>7</sup>, -C(O)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>7</sup>, -C(O)-NR<sup>7</sup>, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -OR<sup>7</sup>, -SR<sup>7</sup>, -NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>7</sup>, -NR<sup>7</sup>C(O)OR<sup>7</sup>, -C(O)R<sup>7</sup>, -NR<sup>7</sup>C(O)R<sup>7</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>13</sub> hetaryl, C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>24</sub> alkaryl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>23</sub> alkheteroaryl, substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl, substituted C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>24</sub> alkaryl and substituted C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>23</sub> alkheteroaryl; wherein the one or more substituents of Z is selected from the group consisting of -CN, -CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>7</sup>, -C(O)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>7</sup>, -OR<sup>7</sup>, -SR<sup>7</sup>, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>7</sup>, -NR<sup>7</sup>C(O)R<sup>7</sup> and -NR<sup>7</sup>C(O)OR<sup>7</sup>,

wherein R<sup>3'</sup>, R<sup>4'</sup>, R<sup>5'</sup> and R<sup>6'</sup> are each independently H, halogen, C<sub>1-10</sub>-alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkyl,

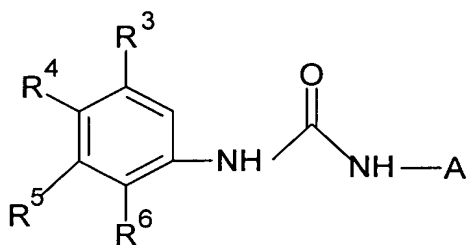
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B

C<sub>1</sub>–C<sub>10</sub> alkoxy, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkoxy or two adjacent of R<sup>3'</sup>, R<sup>4'</sup>, R<sup>5'</sup> and R<sup>6'</sup> together with the base phenyl, form a naphthyl group, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhalo, C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-10</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>3-10</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2-10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>1-10</sub> alkanoyl, C<sub>6-12</sub> aryl, C<sub>5-12</sub> hetaryl or C<sub>6-12</sub> aralkyl.

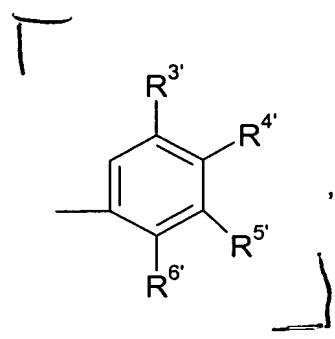
16. (Amended) A method for the treatment of a cancerous cell growth mediated by raf kinase, comprising administering a compound of formula IIa:



IIa

wherein A is

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R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> are each independently H, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>,  
 C<sub>1-10</sub>- alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkyl,  
 C<sub>1-10</sub>-alkoxy, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkoxy,  
 C<sub>1-10</sub>- alkanoyl, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkanoyl,  
 C<sub>6-12</sub> aryl, optionally substituted by C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1-10</sub> alkoxy, or  
 C<sub>5-12</sub> hetaryl, optionally substituted by C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1-10</sub> alkoxy,  
 and either

one of R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> is -M-L<sup>1</sup>; or

two adjacent of R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> together are an aryl or hetaryl ring with 5- 12  
 atoms, optionally substituted by C<sub>1-10</sub>-alkyl, halo-substituted C<sub>1-10</sub>-alkyl up to perhaloalkyl, C<sub>1-10</sub>-  
 alkoxy, halo-substituted C<sub>1-10</sub>-alkoxy up to perhaloalkoxy, C<sub>3-10</sub>-cycloalkyl, C<sub>2-10</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>1-10</sub>-  
 alkanoyl; C<sub>6-12</sub>-aryl, C<sub>5-12</sub>-hetaryl, C<sub>6-12</sub>-alkaryl, halogen; -NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>1</sup>; -NO<sub>2</sub>; -CF<sub>3</sub>; -COOR<sup>1</sup>; -  
 NHCOR<sup>1</sup>; -CN; -CONR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>1</sup>; -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>2</sup>; -SOR<sup>2</sup>; -SR<sup>2</sup>;

in which

R<sup>1</sup> is H or C<sub>1-10</sub>-alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen, up to perhalo and

R<sup>2</sup> is C<sub>1-10</sub>-alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen,

R<sup>3'</sup>, R<sup>4'</sup>, R<sup>5'</sup> and R<sup>6'</sup> are independently H, halogen,

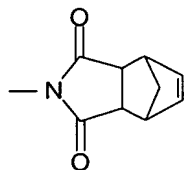
C<sub>1</sub> - C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkyl,

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B

$C_1 - C_{10}$  alkoxy optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkoxy or  
 two adjacent of  $R^{3'}$ ,  $R^{4'}$ ,  $R^{5'}$  and  $R^{6'}$ , together with the base phenyl, form a naphthyl  
 group optionally substituted by halogen up to perhalo,  $C_{1-10}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-10}$  alkoxy,  $C_{3-10}$  cycloalkyl,  
 $C_{2-10}$  alkenyl,  $C_{1-10}$  alkanoyl,  $C_{6-12}$  aryl,  $C_{5-12}$  hetaryl or  $C_{6-12}$  aralkyl, halogen up to perhalo ;  
 $M$  is  $-CH_2-$ ,  $-S-$ ,  $-N(CH_3)-$ ,  $-NHC(O)-$ ,  $-CH_2-S-$ ,  $-S-CH_2-$ ,  $-C(O)-$ , or  $-O-$ ; and  
 $L^1$  is phenyl, pyridyl, naphthyl, pyridone, pyrazine, pyrimidine, benzodioxane, benzopyridine  
 or benzothiazole, each optionally substituted by  $C_{1-10}$ -alkyl,  $C_{1-10}$ -alkoxy, halogen,  
 OH,  $-SCH_3$ ,  $NO_2$  or, where Y is phenyl, by



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

17. (Amended) A method according to claim 16, wherein
- $R^3$  is halogen or  $C_{1-10}$ -alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen, up to perhaloalkyl;
  - $R^4$  is H, halogen or  $NO_2$ ;
  - $R^5$  is H, halogen or  $C_{1-10}$ -alkyl;
  - $R^6$  is H,  $C_{1-10}$ -alkoxy, thiophene, pyrrole or methylsubstituted pyrrole
  - $R^{3'}$  is H, halogen,  $C_{4-10}$ -alkyl, or  $CF_3$  and
  - $R^{6'}$  is H, halogen,  $CH_3$ ,  $CF_3$  or  $OCH_3$ .



18. (Amended) A method according to claim 16, wherein M is -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -S-, -N(CH<sub>3</sub>)- or -NHC(O)- and L<sup>1</sup> is phenyl or pyridyl.

19. (Amended) A method according to claim 16, wherein M is -O- and L<sup>1</sup> is phenyl, pyridone, pyrimidine, pyridyl or benzothiazole.

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